

CLEAN COPY OF PENDING CLAIMS

1 1. (Amended) A system comprising:
2 a plurality of labels generating identifiable spectra in response to excitation
3 energy, wherein at least some of the spectra comprise a plurality of signals for each label, the
4 plurality of signals defining a plurality of wavelengths, the wavelengths from the spectra being
5 intermingled; and
6 a detector simultaneously imaging at least some of the spectra upon a surface for
7 identification of the labels.

1 3. (Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the labels comprise at least
2 one semiconductor nanocrystal.

1 4. (As filed) The system of claim 2, wherein each label comprises at
2 least one population of semiconductor nanocrystals, each population generating a signal having a
3 population wavelength in response to the excitation energy.

1 5. (As filed) The system of claim 4, wherein at least some of the labels
2 comprise a plurality of the populations supported by a matrix.

1 6. (As filed) The system of claim 1, further comprising at least one
2 probe body including a label and an associated assay indicator marker, the indicator markers
3 generating indicator signals in response to an interaction between the probe body and an
4 associated test substance so as to indicate results of an assay.

1 7. (As filed) The system of claim 1, wherein the simultaneously imaged
2 labels are distributed across a two-dimensional sensing field.

1 8. (As filed) The system of claim 7, wherein the detector comprises a
2 diffractor and a sensor, and wherein each label is sufficiently smaller than the sensing field so

3 that the spectra can be wavelength-dispersed by the diffractor without excessive overlap of the
4 dispersed spectra upon the sensor.

1 9. (As filed) The system of claim 1, wherein the detector comprises a
2 light sensor and a diffractor, the diffractor disposed between the sensing field and the light
3 sensor, the sensor simultaneously sensing the spectra from the plurality of labels.

1 10. (As filed) The system of claim 9, wherein an open optical path
2 extends from the sensing field to the diffractor and from the diffractor to the sensor, the sensor
3 comprising an areal sensor, the open optical path having an open cross-section with significant
4 first and second open orthogonal dimensions.

1 11. (As filed) The system of claim 10, wherein no slit aperture is
2 disposed along the optical path to restrict the sensing field, and wherein the diffractor comprises
3 an element selected from the group consisting of a prism, a dispersive reflective grating, and a
4 dispersive transmission grating.

1 12. (Amended) The system of claim 1, further comprising a spatial position
2 indicator to identify label positions within a sensor field of the detector, wherein the detector
3 senses relative spectral data.

1 13. (As filed) The system of claim 12, further comprising a spectral
2 analyzer coupled to the label position indicator and the detector, the analyzer deriving absolute
3 wavelengths of the spectra in response to the relative spectral data and the identified label
4 positions.

1 14. (As filed) The system of claim 13, further comprising a first beam
2 splitter disposed to optically couple the label position indicator with the sensing field along a
3 positioning optical path, and to optically couple the detector with the sensing field along a
4 spectral optical path.

1 15. (As filed) The system of claim 14, wherein the detector comprises an
2 areal sensor and wherein the label position indicator comprises a processing module, the first
3 beam splitter directing a first energy from the sensing field, past a diffractor and toward the areal
4 sensor for generating spectral data, the first beam splitter directing a second energy from the
5 sensing field to a position indicator for generation of position data.

1 16. (As filed) The system of claim 13, further comprising a second beam
2 splitter disposed along an optical path from the sensing field, wherein a first dispersion member
3 is disposed in the spectral optical path so as to disperse wavelengths of the spectra along a first
4 axis, and wherein a second dispersion member is optically coupled to the second beam splitter so
5 as to disperse wavelengths of the spectra along a second axis, the first axis at an angle to the
6 second axis relative to the sensing field for resolving spectral ambiguities of overlapping
7 wavelengths along the first axis.

1 17. (Amended) The system of claim 1 wherein the detector comprises
2 means for distributing the signals across a sensor in response to wavelengths of the signals and
3 positions of the labels in [the] a sensor field, the distributing means disposed between the sensing
4 field and the sensor.

1 18. (As filed) The system of claim 17, further comprising means for
2 determining positions of the labels within the sensing field, and a spectral analyzer coupled to the
3 positioning means and the sensor, the analyzer determining the spectra.

1 19. (As filed) The system of claim 18, wherein the positioning means
2 comprises either an areal sensor and a beam splitter, or a calibration reference signal within the
3 at least some spectra.

1 58. (New) A system comprising:
2 a plurality of labels generating identifiable spectra in response to excitation
3 energy, wherein at least some of the spectra comprise a plurality of signals for each label;
4 a detector simultaneously imaging the spectra upon a surface of a sensor for
5 identification of the labels, the detector comprising a dispersion member dispersing wavelengths
6 of the spectra across the surface of the sensor; and
7 a spatial position indicator to identify label positions within a sensor field of the
8 detector.